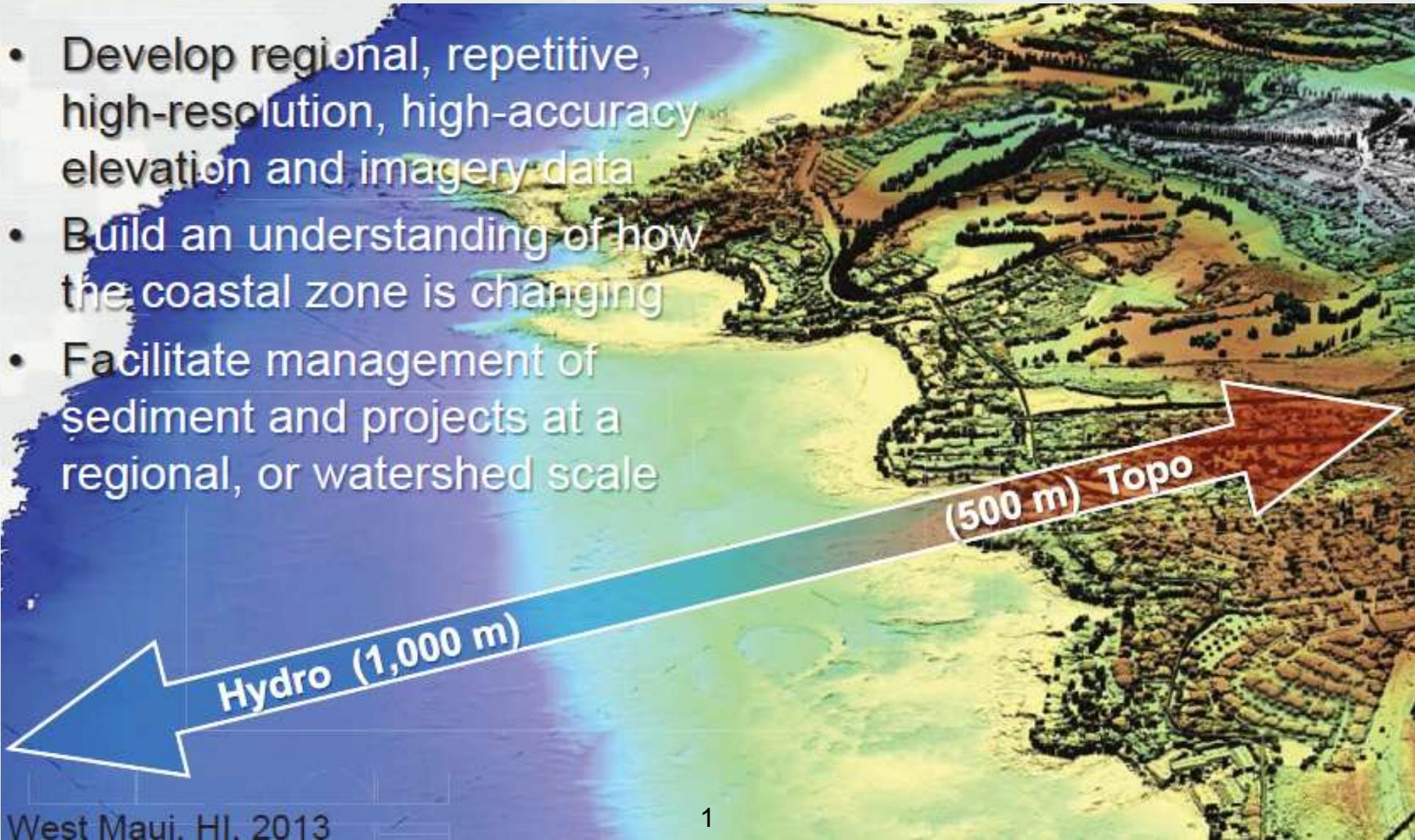


Regional LIDAR Mapping/Benthic Mapping

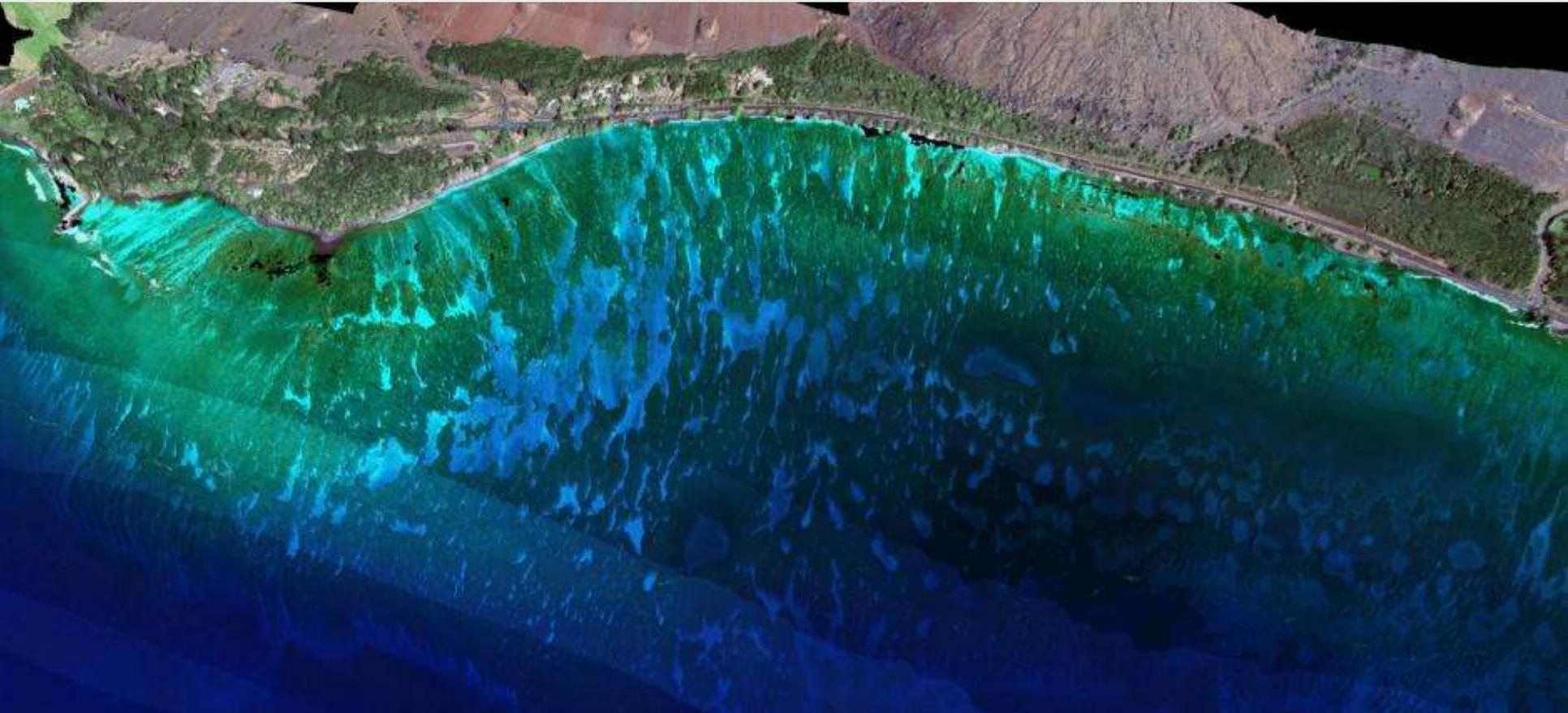
Lauren Dunkin

- Develop regional, repetitive, high-resolution, high-accuracy elevation and imagery data
- Build an understanding of how the coastal zone is changing
- Facilitate management of sediment and projects at a regional, or watershed scale



Hyperspectral imagery

1 m pixel resolution, 36 spectral bands
375-1050 nm



Olowalu, Maui, HI

2013 

BUILDING STRONG®

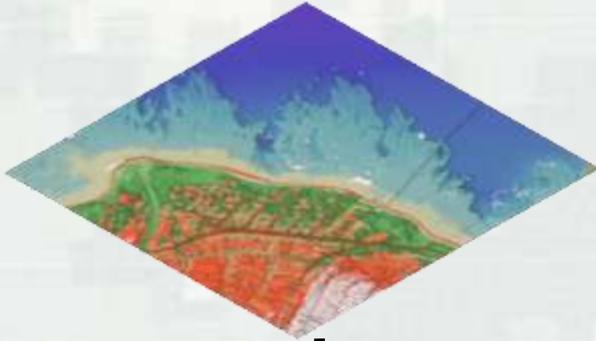
ERDC

Innovative solutions for a safer, better world

Metrics/Parameters

Elevation

Change (elevation/volume)
Contour (change)
Shoal



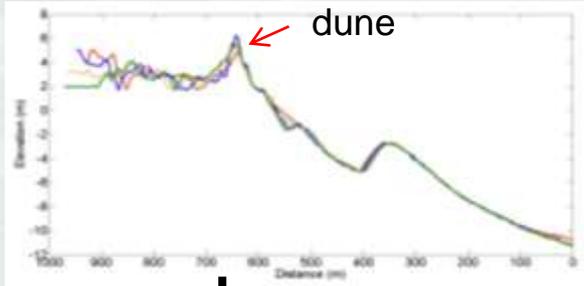
Imagery

Hyperspectral and Multi-Spectral Imagery



Dune

Elevation (crest/toe)
Continuity
Slope
Volume

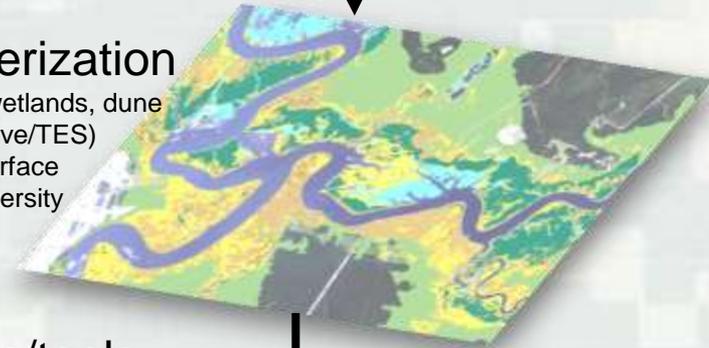


Beach

Width
Slope

Land characterization

Critical habitat (SAV, wetlands, dune vegetation, invasive/TES)
Impervious surface
Landscape diversity

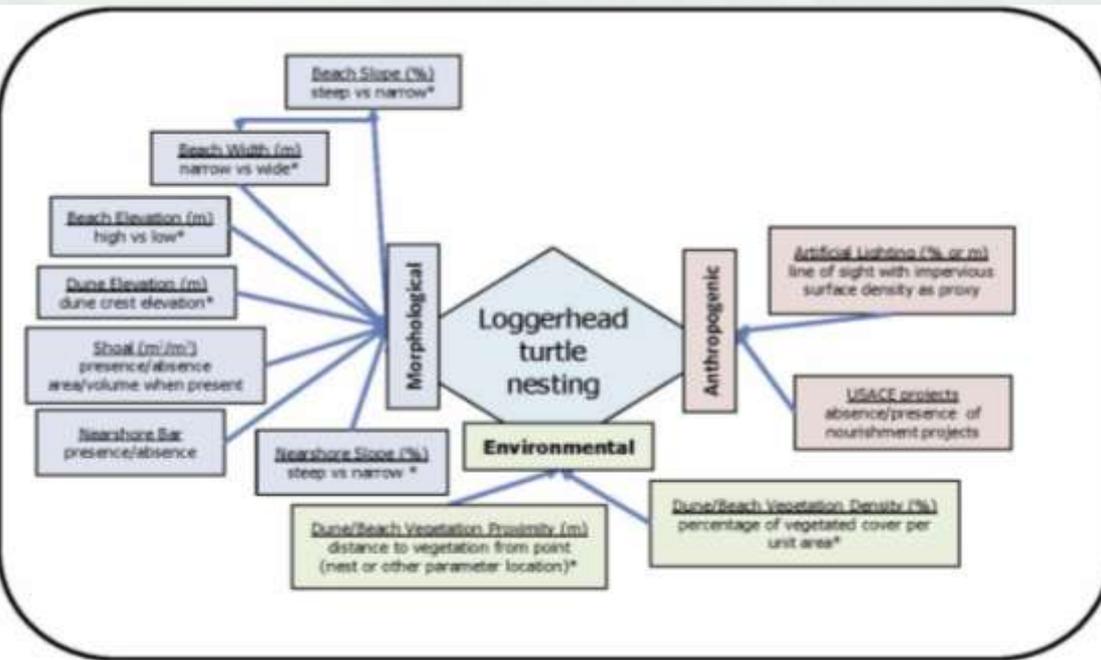


R&D/Value added products/tools

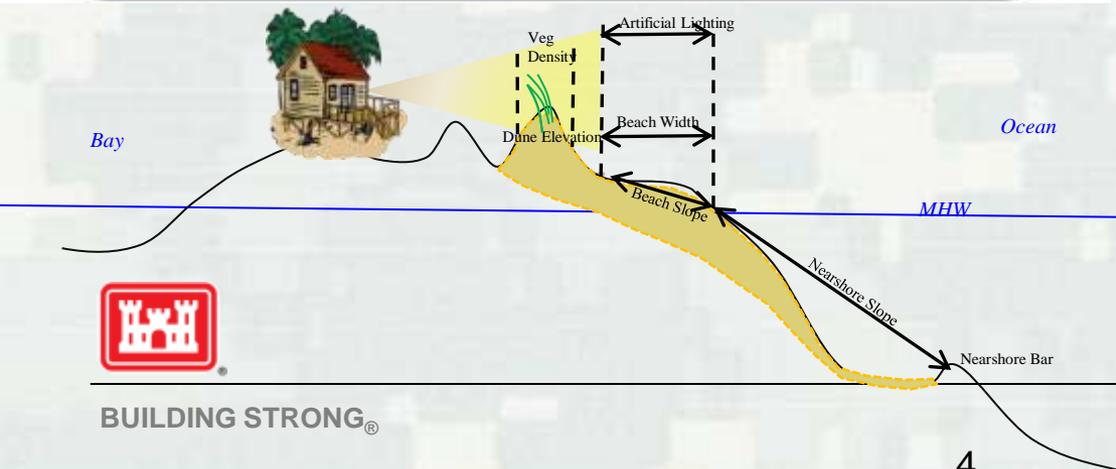
- Change Detection
 - Landscape change modeling
 - Volume/elevation/shoreline change
 - Structure assessment
- Sediment Budgets
- Monitoring Shore Protection
- Defining Coastal Regions

- Coastal Engineering Index
 - Coastal Resilience
 - Critical Species Detection and Modeling
 - Sea turtle nesting habitat
 - Oysters*
 - Salmonid
- * ECO-PCX model certification

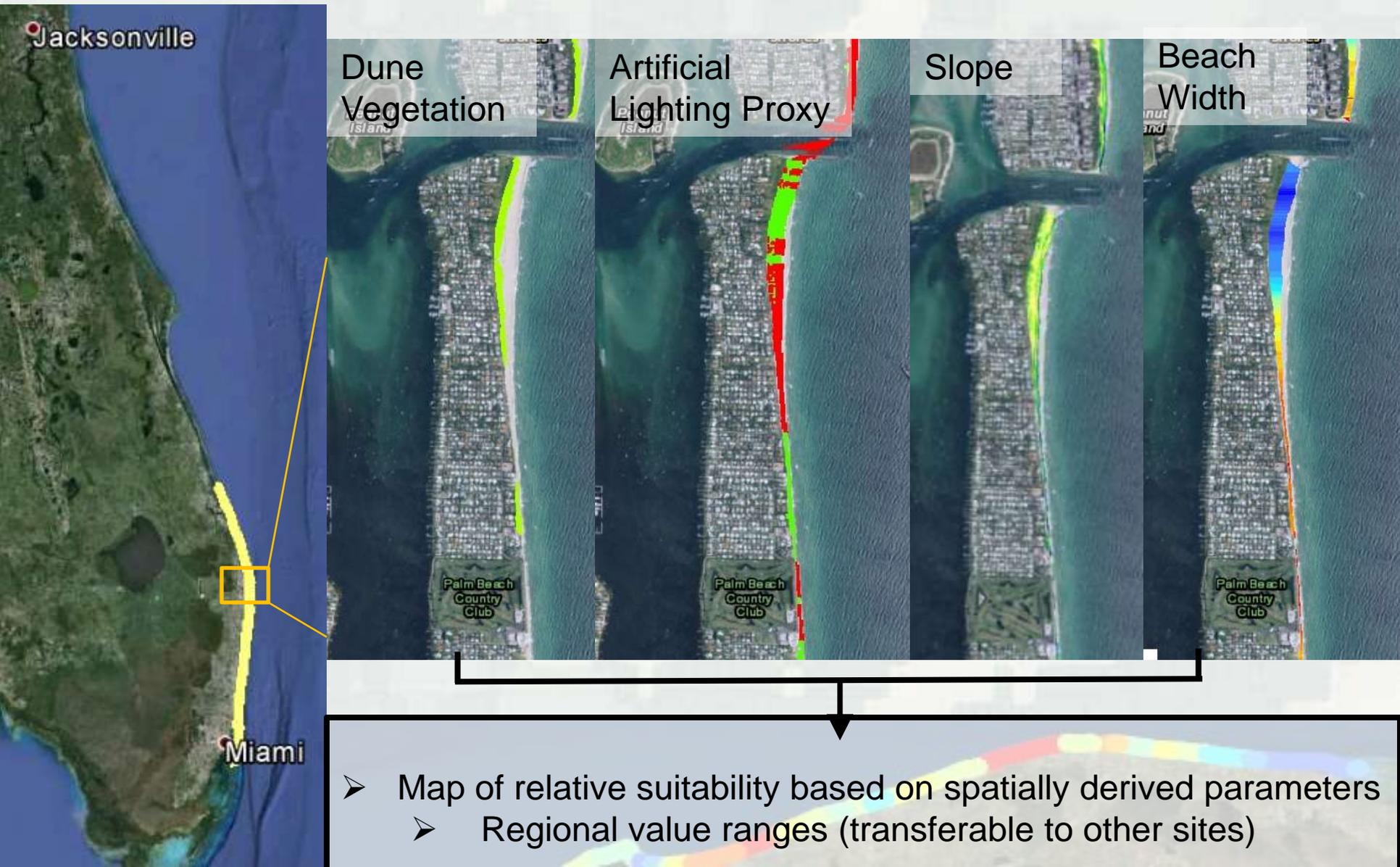
Critical Habitat Modeling of Physical Parameters for Endangered Sea Turtle Nesting Habitat



- Mappable/spatial parameters identified through literature review.
 - important for nesting habitat
 - correlates with the resolution of the spatial datasets
- Value ranges are relative functions based on regional data values.
- The process/methods for the model will be transferable to other sites.



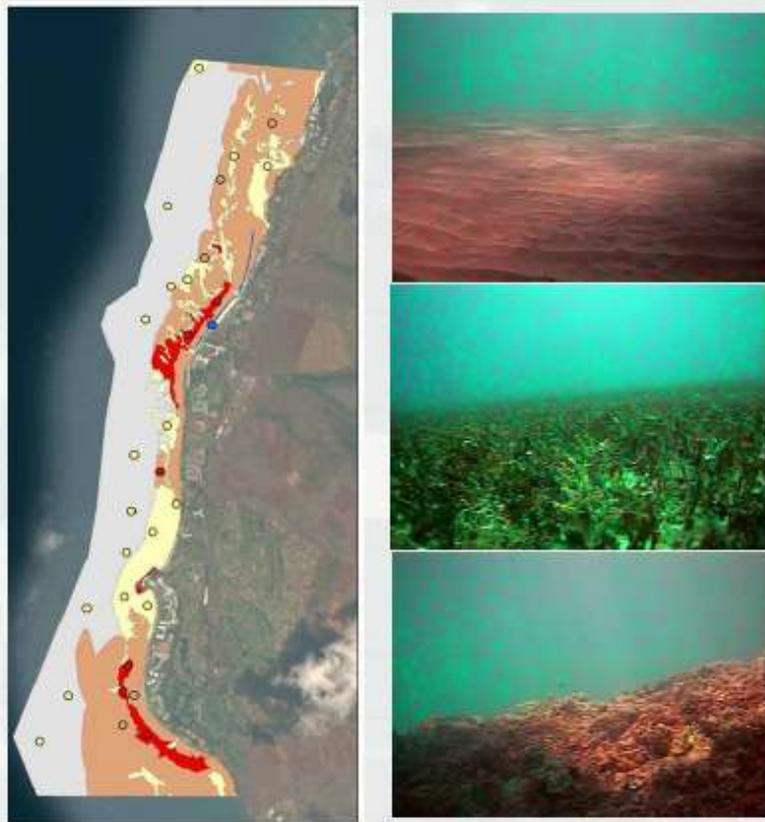
Critical Habitat Modeling of Physical Parameters for Endangered Sea Turtle Nesting Habitat



- Map of relative suitability based on spatially derived parameters
 - Regional value ranges (transferable to other sites)

Benthic Classification

- Develop enhanced seafloor data products to assist with identification of hard bottoms (e.g. corals) and sand fields in support of RSM and dredge material management

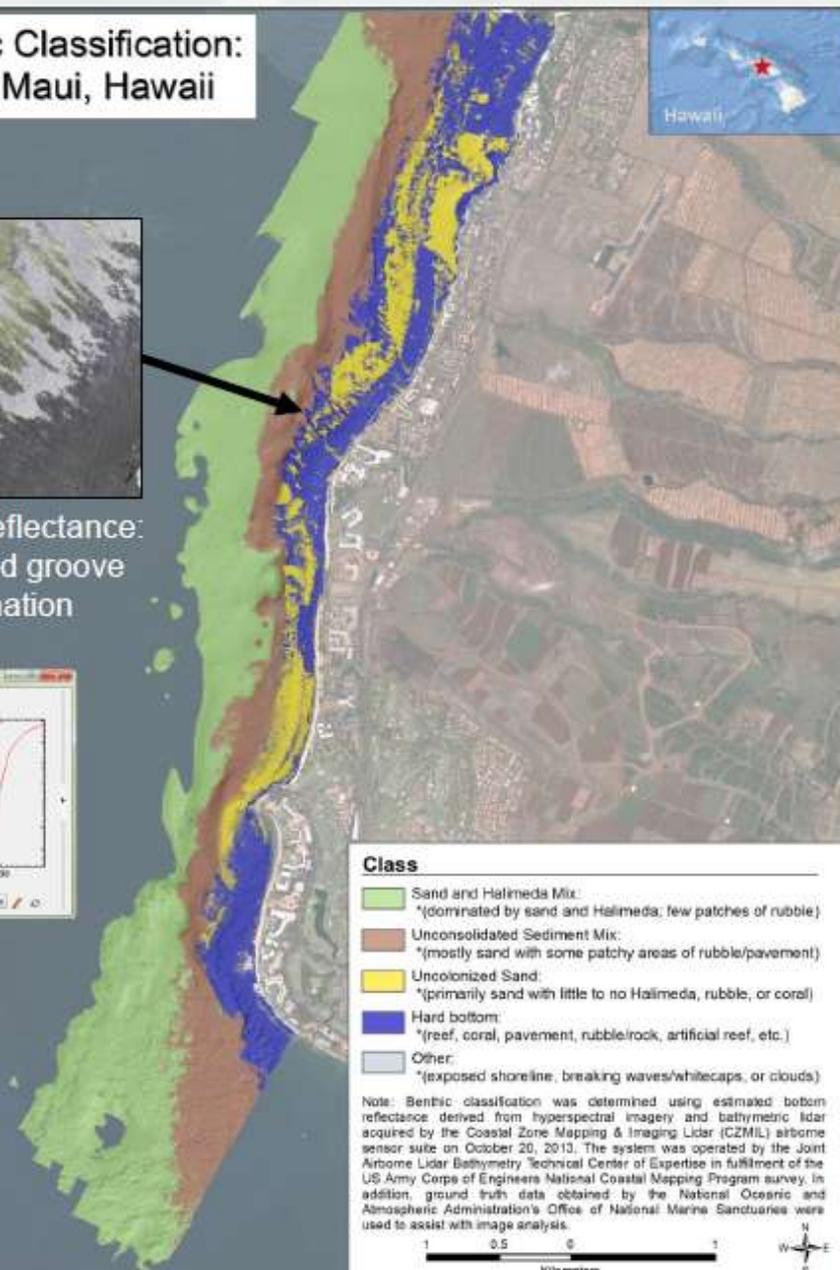
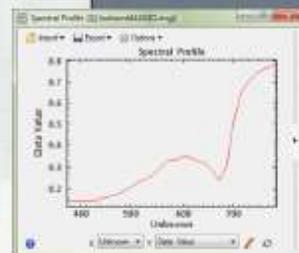


NOAA field sites and drop camera photos

Benthic Classification: West Maui, Hawaii



Bottom reflectance:
Spur and groove
formation



Class

- Sand and Halimeda Mix:
*(dominated by sand and Halimeda; few patches of rubble)
- Unconsolidated Sediment Mix:
*(mostly sand with some patchy areas of rubble/pavement)
- Uncolonized Sand:
*(primarily sand with little to no Halimeda, rubble, or coral)
- Hard bottom:
*(reef, coral, pavement, rubble/rock, artificial reef, etc.)
- Other:
*(exposed shoreline, breaking waves/whitecaps, or clouds)

Note: Benthic classification was determined using estimated bottom reflectance derived from hyperspectral imagery and bathymetric lidar acquired by the Coastal Zone Mapping & Imaging Lidar (CZML) airborne sensor suite on October 20, 2013. The system was operated by the Joint Airborne Lidar Bathymetry Technical Center of Expertise in fulfillment of the US Army Corps of Engineers National Coastal Mapping Program survey. In addition, ground truth data obtained by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's Office of National Marine Sanctuaries were used to assist with image analysis.



Questions

http://shoals.sam.usace.army.mil/

Welcome = JALBTCX » Joint... x Bathymetric Data Viewer

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Corps of Engineers Financ... CHL Electronic Manuscrip... USACE Geospatial Platform PDT Members - All Items Suggested Sites

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National Coastal Mapping Tech Workshops Specifications Publications CZMIL

Welcome to JALBTCX

The Joint Airborne Lidar Bathymetry Technical Center of Expertise (JALBTCX) mission is to perform operations, research, and development in airborne lidar bathymetry and complementary technologies to support the coastal mapping and charting requirements of the US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), the US Naval Meteorology and Oceanography Command, and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA). JALBTCX staff includes engineers, scientists, hydrographers, and technicians from the USACE Mobile District, the Naval Oceanographic Office (NAVOCEANO), the USACE Engineer Research and Development Center (ERDC), and NOAA National Geodetic Survey.

JALBTCX executes survey operations using the Compact Hydrographic Airborne Rapid Total Survey (CHARTS) system and industry-based coastal mapping and charting systems. CHARTS is our in-house survey capability that includes an Optech, Inc., SHOALS-3000 lidar instrument integrated with an Ires CASI-1500 hyperspectral imager. CHARTS collects either 20 kHz topographic lidar data or 3 kHz bathymetric lidar data, each concurrent with digital RGB and hyperspectral imagery. Survey operations support the USACE National Coastal Mapping Program and NAVOCEANO nautical charting missions. Survey personnel include contracted employees of Northrop Grumman.

JALBTCX research and development supports and leverages work in government, industry, and academics to advance airborne lidar and coastal mapping and charting technology and applications. Collaborations currently include the US Geological Survey, NASA Wallops, US Naval Research Lab, ERDC System Wide Water Research Program, NOAA NGS, Optech International, Office of Naval Research, ERDC Topographic Engineering Center, the University of Southern Mississippi, Ohio State University, the University of Florida, University of New Hampshire, and Duke University.

For questions, contact: jalbtcx@usace.army.mil.

JALBTCX Data

Use the links below to view:

- Last Year's Coverage
- Planned Coverage
- Download Data

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