

## National Regional Sediment Management Program CEERD-HNC:



# Field Implementation of Belowground Biomass for Increased Dune Stability and Resiliency

#### **Description**

The aim of this proposed project is to observe and document the response of a man-made dune to incrementally added belowground biomass. Recent research at ERDC shows the value of belowground biomass in dunes, and it is hypothesized that including biomass during the construction project, or adding biomass incrementally as the dunes naturally accrete, will greatly increase the stability of the dune, especially while vegetation is establishing.



The location for this RSM initiative is along the Mainland MS Coast, with satellite imagery sown here from Harrison County. The 1800ft study site consists of 11 dunes total and is separated into 3 zones for control monitoring, and treatment.

### Issue/Challenge To Address

Dunes as part of construction and rehabilitation beach-renourishment projects are typically built to a desired elevation with clean sand and then planted with appropriate dune-building grasses such as sea oats, bitter panicgrass, and American beachgrass. Beaches used recreationally are then typically groomed by raking and removal of beach wrack material, costing municipalities for labor and disposal. Both this dune building process and maintenance removal of wrack can leave the dune system without the biomass needed for natural stable dune growth, reducing the dunes' effectiveness at preventing sand loss from the beach and protecting the coast from storm impacts. Thus, innovative methods that mimic natural building process are needed to efficiently maximize dune construction efforts and sediment requirements.

### Successes Lessons Learned

The project site was selected and approved and signage was posted denoting the project area and its purpose. Field measurements were taken post-Cristobal as well as terrestrial LiDAR. Initial wrack placement and treatment practices began and were monitored pre and post storm impact during the 2020 Hurricane season. Collaboration with Mobile District and Harrison County representatives has maintained.

Communication proved to be a key success factor and contributed directly to the local sand beach authority not only approving the project proposal, but offering manpower and equipment for wrack placement as well as help in posting signage. Flexibility also proved to be a lesson learned due to the COVID-19 travel restrictions that were put in place during the early phases of the project.



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### Projected Benefits Cost Savings Value Added

- The use of naturally-deposited wrack material for dune improvement will reduce costs to the local stakeholders associated with beach grooming and disposal of large volumes of the wrack material.
- As wrack material is slowly added to the foredune, the dune will become more effective at aeolian sand trapment, reducing sand loss on to the road.
- It has been suggested that the use of sargassum beach wrack in Texas may be able to provide nutrients for and enhance the growth of dune vegetation.
- The dunes will become more resistant to erosion through the increase in belowground biomass and resulting dune vegetation growth stimulated by the increased nutrient and organic matter content in the dune.

### **Expected Products**

- Technical note summarizing Innovative Dune Construction, Maintenance, and Restoration Methods currently in the literature
- Technical note outlining the methods used in this study, including beach/dune management changes and data collection.
- Conference/workshop presentations throughout FY21
- Presentation at the FY21 RSM IPR
- *Journal Article reporting findings from the study when completed (FY21 target)*

#### Stakeholders/Users

Proponents at Mobile District (SAM) have voiced their support for this project as we began developing the idea in 2017. Two representatives from the Mobile District are included on the PDT, Elizabeth Godsey, and Richard Allen. We are also closely working with the rest of the Harrison County dune planting project team at SAM. Local stakeholders with the Harrison County Sand Beach Authority (SBA) are also supportive of this project. SBA Director Chuck Loftis and Superintendent Dennis D'Aquin are in close communication with the team.

Most managed beaches under the jurisdiction of both the USACE or local municipalities will benefit from this study as it will potentially reduce costs and increase dune stability.

### Leveraging Opportunities

- The Mississippi Coastal Improvements Program (MsCIP) is a comprehensive, long-term plan for the MS coast, initiated by congress after the impact of Hurricane Katrina. The MS mainland dunes were constructed early in the initiative, and this effort to add value to these features is supported by MsCIP leadership at Mobile District (SAM).
- Past ERDC laboratory efforts investigating the addition of belowground biomass
  to dunes led by Duncan Bryant will be leveraged. Additionally, there is potential
  for collaboration with FRF-based research modeling aeolian transport and
  deposition on dunes.
- The team has leveraged equipment and manpower already employed by the local municipalities in the chosen pilot study area for beach grooming (Harrison County, MS).
- The team will pursue collaboration with other programs, including Coastal Inlets Research Program, Flood and Coastal Systems, and the Engineering with Nature Initiative



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