AN INNOVATIVE APPROACH TO RESTORING NAVIGATION AND ENHANCING COASTAL RESILIENCE FOLLOWING HURRICANE SANDY

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Regional Sediment Management (RSM)

A systems approach to deliberately manage sediments in a manner that maximizes natural and economic efficiencies to contribute to sustainable, resilient water resource projects, environments, and communities = *Healthy Systems*

Navigation/ Dredging



Flood Risk Management



Environmental Restoration



RSM Operating Principles

- Recognize sediment as a regional resource; SEDIMENT AS AN ASSET
- Balanced, economically viable, environmentally sustainable solutions
- Improve economic performance by linking multiple projects
- Optimize operational efficiencies & natural exchange of sediments
- Consider local & regional impacts (physical, environmental, social)





A Sediment Progression: From Confinement to In-Water Creation

Somewhere in Jersey....



"Business as Usual"....Confined Disposal Facilities (CDF)





A Sediment Progression: From Confinement to In-Water Creation

















A "PERSISTENT" APPROACH

Post-Sandy, federal channels in inlets and waterways require dredging

- Navigation and Nature: District took action to restore the navigation mission, but also looked for opportunities to assist with shoreline & ecosystem recovery
- **Technical Expertise**: Use of *Regional Sediment Management (RSM)* and *Engineering with Nature (EWN)* concepts to develop short-term (post-Sandy) and long-term dredging strategies
- •Team Approach: Actions were aided by support from USACE North Atlantic Division and other districts, ERDC, NJDEP and other partners







POST-SANDY COASTAL NAVIGATION MISSION

- Oct 29, 2012: Superstorm Sandy impacts NJ/DE Region
- Nov 2012: Stakeholder and Resource Agency coordination begins
- Nov 2012: Emergency dredging work begins (Government Plant)
- **Dec 2012**: Short & long-term strategic efforts with USACE ERDC & other districts begins; *Recovery work objective is to restore region and bolster system resilience*
- Feb 2013 & Aug 2015: Philly District awards Maintenance Dredging contracts; key element for success since built in flexibility
- June 2013: Environmental Assessment for Innovative Placement Pilots completed in June 2013
- Aug 2014: Construction of Pilot Projects begins





POST-SANDY MISSION FRAMEWORK: RESTORE THE CHANNELS & REPAIR DAMAGES (& MAXIMIZE THE OPPORTUNITIES FOR SUSTAINABLE SOLUTIONS)

Assess Channels & Structures

Secure Funds for Repair and Restoration

Evaluate Potential Actions by Government Plant

Sample and Analyze Sediment

Determine Placement Areas (State Provides for Corps)

Evaluate Constructability (initial & throughout)

Engineering Design & Reviews (National/Regional)

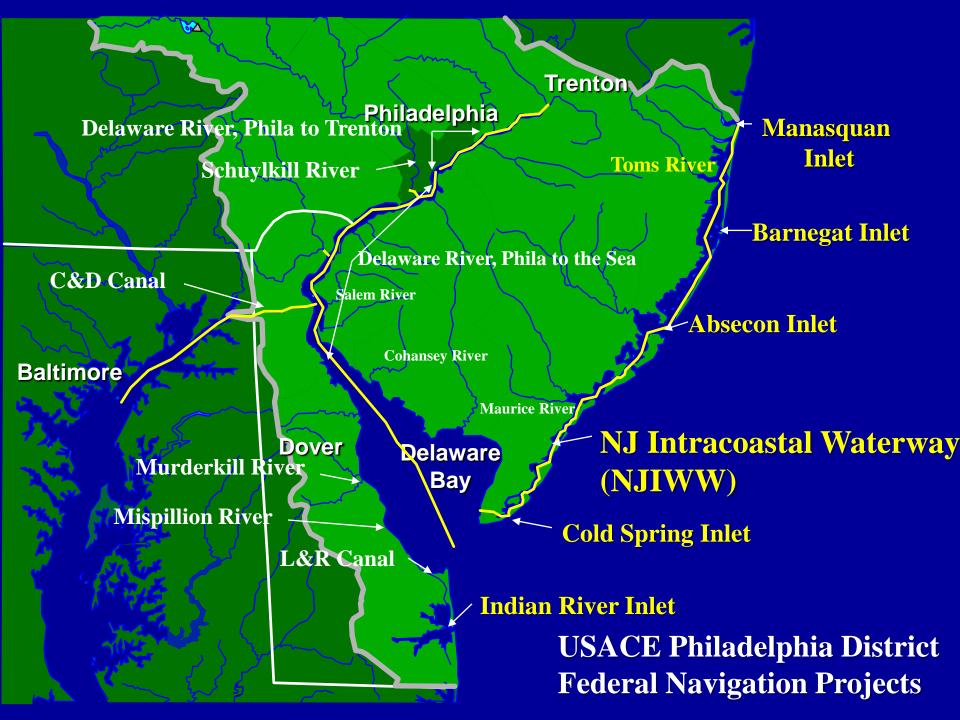
Contracting

Construct (specialty work)

Monitor & Develop Lessons Learned







NAVIGATION CHANNELS WITH NEARSHORE PLACEMENT OF SAND.....CLASSIC THIN?











New Jersey Intracoastal Waterway (NJIWW) Channel Dredging with Innovative Placement



Same Environmental Assessment done as modification for NJIWW dredging and placement





MORDECAI ISLAND CONSTRUCTED! NOVEMBER 2015





Contractors: Barnegat Bay Dredging Company, Fish Tec Inc. and GreenVest LLC

MORDECAI ISLAND: 10 MONTHS AFTER CONSTRUCTION





NJIWW CHANNEL DREDGING AND PLACEMENT DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS: RING ISLAND AND AVALON NJ

LAND OWNED BY NJ DIVISION OF FISH & WILDLIFE

CONSTRUCTED WITH EMERGENCY SUPPLEMENTAL O&M FUNDS

AND

A NFWF GRANT TO NJDFW, THE NATURE CONSERVANCY AND GREEN TRUST ALLIANCE

CONTRACTOR: BARNEGAT BAY DREDGING CO.











New Jersey Intracoastal Waterway (NJIWW) Channel Dredging with Innovative Placement



Same Environmental Assessment done as modification for NJIWW dredging and placement





RING ISLAND, NJ: BLACK SKIMMER HABITAT AND THIN-LAYER PLACEMENT





The Nature Conservancy

Protecting nature, Preserving life

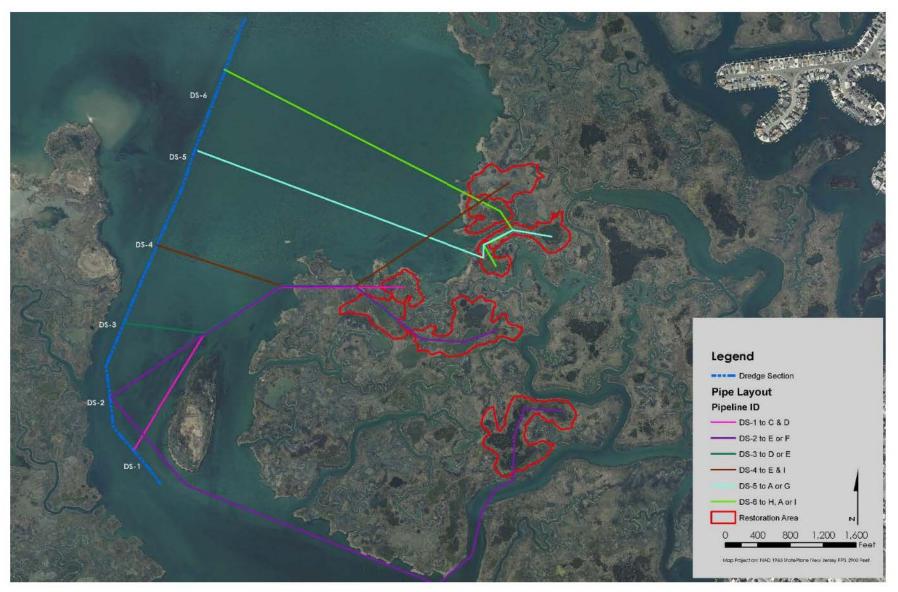
- Constructed August 2014 with O&M funds
- Land owned by NJDFW instead of Nummy
 Island CDF
- Habitat creation
 - Shorebird usage
 - Also used by horseshoe crabs & terrapins
 - Small thin layer placement demo with >96% sand, 500 cy







NJIWW DREDGING & AVALON THIN LAYER PLACEMENT DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS



Constructed Dec 2014 to Feb 2016

NJIWW AVALON PILOT PROJECT: DREDGING "THE FOOTBALL FIELD" AND THIN-LAYER PLACEMENT



- Constructed Dec 2014
- Thin Layer Placement demo with fine-grained material
- Filled pools and pannes to restore marsh (5,000 cy & 6 acres)
- Minimal containment
- Documented lessons learned and informed NJ permits for construction of larger TLP project



NJIWW AVALON PILOT PROJECT: DREDGING "THE FOOTBALL FIELD" AND THIN-LAYER PLACEMENT



- Larger project continued from Nov 15 to Feb 2016 (45,000 cy & 35 acres)
- USACE funded dredging, NFWF grant funded placement design, construction oversight
- Costs & lessons learned under development
- Monitoring to continue for several years







BOOTS ON THE GROUND



AVALON, NJ: 2015-2016 MONITORING RECOVERY

Before-after control-impact monitoring design

- Water levels (NFWF partners/ERDC)
- Soil physical and biogeochemical properties (ERDC)
- Vegetation and infaunal communities (NFWF partners)

Post-placement elevation













KEY POINTS FROM THE CORPS SIDE

- USACE navigation mission is succeeding on limited funds by collaborating with shore protection and ecosystem restoration efforts, MORE OPPORTUNITIES EXIST!!
- Using sediment as a resource; SMALL SUCCESSES LEAD TO LARGER ACTIONS
- Momentum in NJ for more innovative placement such as TLP, but these techniques aren't always easy; they take time, \$\$\$ and commitment/persistence
- Sediment Testing and Constructability Up front! Talk to Regulators and Dredging Industry
- Monitoring/Lessons Learned; more R&D needed to make this more cost-effective solution